Expanding Outreach and Impact Globally

Travel Fellowships
More than 130 distinguished scientists from 36 underrepresented countries have gained the opportunity to attend the SOT Annual Meeting, Congress of Toxicology in Developing Countries (CTDC), and other scientific meetings.

International Membership
1,500 scientists from 76 different countries are SOT Members.

Global Senior Scholar Exchange Program
This program provides a one-of-a-kind professional opportunity and collaboration experience for senior global economy member toxicologists and SOT members.

“This opportunity has enabled me to achieve my dream of mentoring graduate students from Nigeria who are now becoming early career scientists.”
—Aina Olubukola Adeogun, 2018 Global Senior Scholar

ToxScholar Outreach Grants
Hundreds of students and faculty have collaborated with visiting scholars thus far.

SOT is dedicated to ensuring the development of educational and career opportunities in toxicology around the world.

Global Meeting Support
SOT partners with other toxicological societies around the world to enhance toxicology’s impact.

More than 30 initiatives and meetings to improve global collaboration in toxicology have been supported since 2012.

Global Economy Membership Benefits
Discounted membership dues and assistance programs.
Free Access to Online Continuing Education Courses.

SOT Members from global economy countries enjoy all of the benefits of membership.

www.toxicology.org/global
## Global Economy Country List

Candidates from these countries are eligible for these SOT programs:
Membership Discount, complimentary access to CEd-Tox Online, Global Senior Scholar Exchange Program, and ToxScholar visits between countries.

| A | Afghanistan  
Albania  
Algeria  
Angola  
Argentina  
Armenia  
Azerbaijan |
| B | Bangladesh  
Belarus  
Belize  
Benin  
Bhutan  
Bolivia  
Bosnia and Herzegovina  
Botswana  
Brazil  
Bulgaria  
Burkina Faso  
Burundi |
| C | Cabo Verde  
Cambodia  
Cameroon  
Central African Republic  
Chad  
China  
Colombia  
Comoros  
Congo, Democratic Republic  
Congo, Republic  
Costa Rica  
Côte d’Ivoire  
Cuba |
| D | Djibouti  
Dominica  
Dominican Republic |
| E | Ecuador  
Egypt, Arab Republic  
El Salvador  
Equatorial Guinea  
Eritrea  
Eswatini  
Ethiopia |
| F | Fiji |
| G | Gabon  
Gambia, The  
Georgia  
Ghana  
Grenada  
Guatemala  
Guinea  
Guinea-Bissau  
Guyana |
| H | Haiti  
Honduras |
| I | India  
Indonesia  
Iran, Islamic Republic  
Iraq |
| J | Jamaica  
Jordan |
| K | Kazakhstan  
Kenya  
Kiribati  
Korea, People’s Democratic Republic  
Kosovo  
Kyrgyz Republic |
| L | Lao People’s Democratic Republic  
Lebanon  
Lesotho  
Liberia  
Libya |
| M | Madagascar  
Malawi  
Malaysia  
Maldives  
Mali  
Marshall Islands  
Mauritania  
Mauritius  
Mexico  
Micronesia, Federal States  
Moldova  
Mongolia  
Montenegro  
Morocco  
Mozambique  
Myanmar |
| N | Namibia  
Nepal  
Nicaragua  
Niger  
Nigeria  
North Macedonia |
| P | Panama  
Pakistan  
Papua New Guinea  
Paraguay  
Peru  
Philippines |
| T | Tajikistan  
Tanzania  
Thailand  
Timor-Leste  
Togo  
Tonga  
Tunisia  
Turkey  
Turkmenistan  
Tuvalu |
| U | Uganda  
Ukraine  
Uzbekistan |
| V | Vanuatu  
Venezuela*  
Vietnam |
| W | West Bank and Gaza |
| Y | Yemen, Republic |
| Z | Zambia  
Zimbabwe |

World Bank list of countries with 2020 GNI per capita <$12,695 classified as upper-middle income and lower. The World Bank updates this classification each year in July.

*Note: Venezuela has been temporarily unclassified in July 2021 pending release of revised national accounts statistics.